



Retirement Plans

457(b) Plan Highlights

Plan Highlights

Maricopa County Deferred Compensation

Get started in three steps

1 Find your comfort zone.

Consider your interest and confidence levels, then choose the investment strategy that's right for your unique situation.

2 Choose the investment options that are right for you.

Choose your funds from your Plan's investment options, and think about how much you want to contribute.

3 Enroll in the plan.

Follow the instructions on the enrollment packet, which will be provided by your Retirement Specialist. Complete and turn in any applicable forms.

Questions?

Just call us at 1-800-598-4457 or 1-602-266-2733

We are here to help you and to give you the information you need to feel confident about your retirement decisions. You can also visit us on the web at MaricopaDC.com.

Nationwide representatives cannot offer investment, tax or legal advice. You should consult your own counsel before making retirement plan decisions.

Step 1

Find your comfort zone.

Everyone is different when it comes to managing their deferred compensation accounts. Consider your interest and confidence levels when choosing your strategy. What's your preference?



A convenient, professionally managed option in which your investments are actively selected for you by a professional money manager based on information you provide about your time horizon and risk tolerance.

To enroll, log into your account at MaricopaDC.com and click on "Manage my Funds" on the left. Or call us at 602-266-2733.

Investment advice for Nationwide ProAccount is provided to plan participants by Nationwide Investment Advisors, LLC, an SEC-registered investment adviser. Nationwide Investment Advisors, LLC, has retained Wilshire Associates Incorporated as the Independent Financial Expert for ProAccount.

The fee for this service is a 5-tier fee starting with .60% for the first \$99,999 of your average daily account balance.

Target Date Funds are managed with your specific date in mind (usually retirement or when you will begin making withdrawals). The mix is periodically adjusted to balance risk and return and become more conservative as the chosen date approaches.

The Plan's Available Investments allow you to hand-select and manage your investments based on your own investment or another strategy.

Use the My Investment Planner tool, which takes you through a questionnaire to help you get the investment recommendations that are right for you. This is available online at MaricopaDC.com.

A Self-directed Option may also be available. This provides you with expanded investment options if you're looking for a greater role in managing your account. You'll need to review your account on a regular basis to make sure that your selections are still in line with your goals.

Brokerage services for the Self-directed Brokerage Account (SDBA) are provided by Charles Schwab & Co., Inc.

¹ Target Date Funds are a form of asset allocation funds designed for people who plan to retire during or near a specific year. These funds invest in underlying funds, using a strategy that reallocates assets to become more conservative as an investor approaches retirement. Therefore, in addition to the expenses of the target date fund, an investor indirectly pays a proportionate share of the applicable fees and expenses of the underlying funds. Like other funds, target date funds are subject to market risk and loss. Loss of principal can occur at any time, including before, at or after the target date. There is no guarantee that target date funds will provide enough income for retirement..

Step 2

Choose the investment options that are right for you.

If you chose “Hands-off,” ask for a Nationwide ProAccount enrollment kit and plan from there. If you chose “A little of both,” consider the Target-Date funds listed in your Participation Agreement. If you chose “Hands-on,” consider the funds other than the Target-Date funds listed in your Participation Agreement to create your own investment mix.

Target Date Funds

Target date funds are designed to provide diversification across several types of investment and asset classes, primarily by investing in mixture of funds. This mixture takes into account either the target date the investor would like to retire.

International Funds

These funds include stock in companies located outside of the United States. These stocks may trade on either the U.S. or foreign stock exchanges and are generally considered higher-risk investments. Additional risks include currency fluctuations, political instability, differences in accounting standards and foreign regulations.

Small-cap Funds

Small-cap refers to companies with market values (or capitalization) under \$2 billion. Small companies can often grow much faster than big companies, but their stocks also tend to be more risky.

Mid-cap Funds

Mid-cap refers to companies with market values (or capitalization) between \$2 and \$10 billion. These stocks are typically more volatile than large-cap stocks, but less risky than small-cap stocks.

Large-cap Funds

Large-cap refers to companies with market values (or capitalization) greater than \$10 billion. Because these tend to be large, established corporations, their stocks generally offer lower risk than stocks from mid and small cap companies.

Balanced Funds

Balanced funds typically invest in a combination of stocks (which tend to be higher risk), bonds (which tend to be more stable), and, occasionally, short-term investments. This is similar to an asset allocation approach, but the asset mix is never adjusted in response to the investor's age or risk tolerance.

Bond Funds

Bond funds are made up of bonds purchased from a government entity or corporation who agrees to pay back the original amount paid along with interest on a specified date. Many bonds are generally more stable than stocks and provide a more steady flow of income. However, they also typically provide a lower rate of return. High-yield bond securities are typically subject to greater risk and price volatility than funds which invest in higher rated securities.

Short-term Investments (fixed accounts/cash)

Short-term investments are sometimes referred to as cash equivalents because they can be easily sold (converted to cash) without affecting their value. While these short-term investments are generally less risky than stocks or bonds, their returns are also usually much lower and may not keep pace with inflation. A variety of investment types can be generally categorized as short-term investments, including certificates of deposit (CDs), money-market accounts (MMAs), and treasury bills (T-bills).

Fund prospectuses can be obtained by calling 1-800-598-4457. Before investing, carefully consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, and charges and expenses. The fund prospectus contains this and other important information. Read the prospectuses carefully before investing.

Step 3

Enroll in the plan.

You can easily enroll on-line at MaricopaDC.com or ask your Retirement Specialists for an enrollment packet. Ask your Retirement Specialist for an enrollment packet. If you need further help, just use the contact information below to get the answers you need.

Keeping up and getting help is easy.

Easy 24/7 Web access at MaricopaDC.com

Account actions include:

- > Enroll online
- > Set up Web access to your account
- > Find out your account balance
- > Make deferral/allocation changes
- > Exchange funds or restructure your account
- > View fund pricing and performance
- > Change your personal information and password

Online planning tools include:

- > My Interactive Retirement PlannerSM
- > Account growth estimator
- > Take-home pay calculator
- > Asset allocation tool

Easy phone access at 1-800-598-4457 or 602-266-2733

Customer Service Reps are available Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. - 11 p.m. and Saturday, 9 a.m. - 6 p.m. ET.:

- > To take your questions over the phone
- > Set up a one-on-one appointment

The automated Voice Response Unit (VRU) is available 24/7.

Account actions include:

- > Find out your account balance
- > Make deferral/allocation changes
- > Exchange funds or restructure your account
- > Change future allocations
- > Change your PIN

Questions?

Just call us at 1-800-598-4457 or 602-266-2733

Frequently asked questions about contributions.

What's the minimum I need to contribute to be in the plan?

\$10 or 1% of pay.

What's the maximum I can contribute?

Unless you qualify for one of the "catch-up" provisions discussed later, the maximum that you can contribute to the Plan is 100% of your includible compensation or \$18,500 this calendar year.

If I'm participating in another 457(b) plan, what's the maximum I can contribute?

If you are a member of another plan governed by Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, your total deferrals to all Section 457 plans combined, not including catch-up deferrals, may not exceed \$18,500 this calendar year.

What's the maximum contribution limit for me if I'm currently in a 401(k) and/or 403(b) plan?

If you are currently participating in another elective deferral plan that is not a 457(b) plan, such as a 401(k) plan or 403(b) plan, the maximum deferrals to your 457(b) plan are not affected by the deferral limits for those other non-457(b) plans.

If I'm close to retirement, is there a way to contribute more?

If you are within three years of the year in which you will attain Normal Retirement Age under the Plan, and are making the maximum contribution to your plan, you may be eligible for a catch-up contribution through the Special 457 Catch-up provision. If you have not contributed the maximum in the past, you may be able to increase your deferral amount to up to two times the maximum contribution limit (for example, this calendar year you may be able to contribute as much as \$37,000). **Important: Special 457 Catch-up cannot be used in the same year as Age 50 Catch-up.**

If I'm not so close to retirement, can I still contribute more?

If you are 50 years or older, you may use the Age 50 Catch-up provision. With the Age 50 Catch-up provision you can contribute an additional \$6,000 this calendar year over the normal deferral limit.

Important: Age 50 Catch-up cannot be used in the same year as the Special 457 Catch-up.

Can I roll over my balance from another retirement plan into this one?

Yes, the Plan accepts eligible rollover distributions from other eligible retirement plans. In addition, plan-to-plan transfers from another governmental 457(b) plan are permitted if the other governmental 457(b) plan permits such transfers. There are differences between deferred compensation plans, individual retirement accounts, and qualified plans, including fees and when you can access funds. There may be sales charges or other fees when you move money out of your current account. You should consider all factors before making a decision. Assets rolled over from a qualified plan, DROP plan or IRA may be subject to a 10% excise tax if withdrawn prior to age 59½.

Can I ever stop my payroll deferrals?

You may stop payroll deferrals to your plan at any time.

Are there any fees I need to be aware of?

The fees applicable on the plan are .16%, which means \$16 will be assessed per \$10,000 invested, regardless of the mutual fund selected (except for the Fidelity Contrafund).

How often can I change my investment options?

You may make changes to your fund selections at any time. However, each mutual fund has specific rules and guidelines that may restrict frequent transactions in and out of that fund. These rules and guidelines are generally included in the prospectus of each mutual fund. You can obtain prospectus(es) from the Fund Performance section of our Website or by contacting a Nationwide representative. Additionally, to protect the interests of all participants, your plan may impose plan level restrictions that restrict frequent trading.

What is the Roth contribution option?

You can designate all or part of your contributions as after-tax Roth 457 contributions. That allows you to pay taxes on your contributions now, based on your current tax bracket, and avoid taxes later if certain conditions are met.

Can I defer unused sick and vacation time into my plan?

Sick time payouts cannot be deferred, but vacation time can upon separation of service. Contact a Nationwide Rep at least two months prior to separating for the necessary form to complete.

This material is not a recommendation to buy, sell, hold or roll over any asset, adopt an investment strategy, retain a specific investment manager or use a particular account type. It does not take into account the specific investment objectives, tax and financial condition or particular needs of any specific person. Investors should work with their financial professional to discuss their specific situation.

Frequently asked questions about distributions.

Can I withdraw my funds before I retire?

Because your funds receive the benefit of tax-deferred status, there are limits to when you can withdraw them. If you are still employed, you can withdraw money from your plan:

- If you experience an unforeseeable emergency that is approved by the Plan
- If your account balance is \$5,000 or less and you have not deferred into the Plan for at least two years, and you have not made prior withdrawals of this type
- If you have reached age 70½
- Loans are available to the plan.

Are there any penalties when I withdraw my money after I leave my job?

There are no excise taxes from the amount withdrawn from your 457 (b) account. However, if you take distributions before age 59½ from a rollover account from a qualified plan such as a 401(k) or an IRA, you may be subject to early withdrawal excise taxes.

Will I have to pay taxes on the funds I withdraw?

When you withdraw your funds or start to receive distributions, they are considered taxable income. This means you will have to pay taxes on them and you will need to complete federal and state income tax withholding forms for the year the withdrawal/distributions are made. The benefit payments made to you are reported on Form 1099R.

Neither Nationwide nor its representatives give tax or legal advice. Please consult with a tax or legal advisor for such advice.

When I retire or leave my job, what are my options?

If you choose to leave your employment, or your employment ends because of retirement or permanent disability, there are many options available to you. Contact a Nationwide representative to discuss the details.

You can either leave your money where it is or select from the following payout options:

- Taking partial withdrawals as needed
- Taking it in a lump sum
- Making systematic withdrawals
- Annuity payout options
- Rolling your money over to another plan or into an IRA

Do I have to withdraw my money right away when I retire?

No, if you are not ready to take any portion of your account now, you can leave it invested where it has the potential to continue to grow.

When must I begin withdrawing my money?

You must begin taking a Required Minimum Distribution, as defined by the Internal Revenue Service, no later than April 1st of the year following the year you turn age 70½ or separate from employment, whichever is later.

How soon do I need to notify someone so my distributions can start?

If you are planning to stop working, contact a Nationwide Representative as soon as possible to receive assistance in planning your distributions.

How do I receive my distribution?

You can either receive it as a direct deposit into a savings or checking account, or through the mail. If you choose direct deposit you will receive your initial payments through the mail until your account is set up and your bank account information is confirmed.

Can I change how often I receive my distribution?

Yes, if you decide you want to change the frequency of your payments, simply fill out a new Benefit Payment Election form with your preferred payment schedule. If you elect an annuity payout option, other restrictions apply.

How do I request a distribution?

Your initial distribution request must be completed by paper form, which you can find online at MaricopaDC.com. You may return your completed form electronically or by mail to Nationwide. Subsequent distribution requests, up to \$10,000, or changes to a systematic withdrawal plan can be made over the phone by calling 1-800-598-4457.



Nationwide®

To learn more about the managed account option, Nationwide ProAccount®, please request an enrollment packet. Professional money management for Nationwide ProAccount is provided by Nationwide Investment Advisors, LLC, an SEC-registered investment adviser. Nationwide Investment Advisors, LLC, has hired Wilshire Associates as the Independent Financial Expert for the ProAccount portfolios.

Nationwide representatives are Registered Representatives of Nationwide Investment Services Corporation, member FINRA. Nationwide representatives cannot offer investment, tax or legal advice. You should consult your own counsel before making retirement plan decisions.

Nationwide, the Nationwide N and Eagle, Nationwide is on your side, Nationwide ProAccount and My Interactive Retirement Planner are service marks of Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company. © 2018 Nationwide

NRM-0155AO-MC.15 (03/18)